



# POLAND

**Capital:** Warsaw

**Population:** 38 million

**Currency:** Złoty (PLN)

**Language:** Polish

**Time Zone:** EST plus 6 hours

**Electricity:** 230V. 50Hz

## Fun Facts



- The majority of the people in Poland follow Roman Catholicism.
- The year 1989 saw Poland holding its first free elections in more than 40 years.

With a population nearing 40 million and a territory of 120,000 square miles, Poland occupies the fertile flatlands between the Carpathians in the South and the Baltic Sea in the North. Its central location, with Germany as its western neighbor, and Russia as its eastern one, gave cause to a millennium of wars, devastation, and hard-won victories. From the small duchy of Poznan in the 10th century to a kingdom twice the size of France in the 16th century, to the oblivion of the state in 1795, Poland's rebirth of a republic, three times smaller than before, was by no means smooth sailing. It has been rocked by two wars and struggles for better living conditions, resisting communist rule.

Its tough history has forged a strong, resolute people. Famous citizens include Copernicus, the brave 16<sup>th</sup>- century scholar with his heretic theories about space and our place in it; Frederic Chopin, composer of immortal piano music; Marie Skłodowska, twice Nobel Prize winner; Pope John Paul II; and Lech Walesa, the charismatic union leader of Solidarity, which managed to dent the powerful communist regime and speed up its demise.

A land of hearty food, traditional dishes include *pierogi* (meat-stuffed dumplings), *bigos* (stewed cabbage and meat), *zurek* soup, and excellent vodkas. Shoppers will enjoy seeking amber, the petrified resin of conifer trees submerged by the sea up to 50 million years ago and known as "Baltic Gold," silver, leather, woodcarvings, dolls, and beautiful linen.

Modern, dynamic Warsaw; fascinating, medieval Krakow; thousands of glistening Mazurian Lakes; and the Bialowieza Forest Reserve, where the European bison still roam free—all this is Poland, one of the most dynamic new members of the European Union.



## VISAS AND PASSPORTS

Visas to Poland are not required for U.S. citizens. If you hold a passport from another country, please check with your local consulate about requirements for travel to Poland. All passengers traveling internationally are required to have a passport. Please carry proper identification (your passport) on you and do not leave it in your suitcase or hotel room. European law requires you to carry your passport with you at all times



## COUNTRY CODES

The country code for Poland is 48. When calling to Poland from overseas, you dial your international access code (011 from the U.S./Canada) followed by the country code and phone number. Phone numbers in Poland are nine digits in length (including area code). Dialing from the U.S./Canada: 011+48+XX XXX XXXX.



## CURRENCY AND BUDGETING

The official currency of Poland is the Polish złoty (PLN).

1 Złoty (zł) = 100 Groszy

- Banknote denominations: Złoty - 10, 20, 50, 100, 200
- Coin denominations: Groszy - 1, 2, 5, 10, 20, 50; Złoty - 1, 2, 5

For the most current exchange rates, please go to our Web site at [www.globusfamily.com/currency](http://www.globusfamily.com/currency)

U.S. dollars and Euro are easy to exchange in Poland. Private currency exchange offices (Polish: kantor) are very common and offer Euro or USD exchanges at rates that are usually comparable to commercial banks. Be aware that exchanges in tourist hot-spots, such as the train stations or popular tourist destinations, tend to overcharge.

U.S. dollars or Euro are generally not accepted for purchases, but if in exceptional cases they are, change will be given in the local currency (Polish Złoty).

Credit cards are accepted almost everywhere in the big cities. Visa and MasterCard are much more likely to be accepted than American Express or Discover.



## TO HELP YOU BUDGET

The following budget guidelines are just approximate values or starting values for meals and are per person. Actual prices will vary widely by restaurant and city within a country but below are some averages as provided by our experienced personnel.

The approximate cost of a soft drink/mineral water/coffee is 6-7 zł.

An average lunch consisting of a salad or sandwich and a soda or water starts at approximately 25-30 zł.

A steak dinner at a mid-range restaurant with dessert and a non-alcoholic beverage starts at approximately 60-70 zł.



## TIPPING

For restaurants and taxis, 10-15% is a reasonable amount. Tipping in Poland is very common, since gratuity is rarely included in the bill.

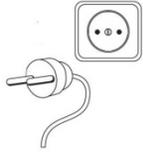
Beware that in Poland, if you pay for the bill with more than the amount owed and simply say "thank you" or "Dziękuję" (in Polish), it means you do not expect any change back.

Tip hotel staff 3-5zł for room service.



## ELECTRICAL OUTLETS

Voltage for outlets is 230V. North American voltage is generally 110V. Therefore, a converter may be necessary for your travels. Adapters will be necessary to adapt your plug into the outlet but may not convert the voltage, so both devices are necessary. Poland uses a round, 2-prong plug that looks like:



Type C



Type E



## TEMPERATURES

Poland has a temperate climate, with warm, often wet, summers, a sunny fall and cold, usually snowy, winters. To help you plan, below are average low and high temperatures for Warsaw.

Month	Average High °(F)	Average Low °(F)
January	30	21
February	33	23
March	42	29
April	55	37
May	65	46
June	71	51
July	73	54
August	73	53
September	64	48
October	55	39
November	42	32
December	35	26

To convert to Celsius, subtract 32, then multiply by 5 and then divide by 9.

See examples in the Know Before You Go Europe document.



## FOOD SPECIALTIES

*Pierogi* (meat-stuffed dumplings), *bigos* (stewed cabbage and meat), *kielbasa* (Polish sausage), *golabki* (meat-stuffed cabbage leaves), red beet clear soup, *zurek* soup, and vodkas.



## A FEW WORDS OF THE LOCAL LANGUAGE

**Hello:** Dzień dobry, **Goodbye:** Do widzenia, **Please:** Proszę, **Thank you:** Dziękuję, **Yes:** Tak, **No:** Nie, **1:** Jeden, **2:** Dwa, **3:** Trzy, **4:** Cztery, **5:** Piec, **6:** Szesc, **7:** Siedem, **8:** Osiem, **9:** Dziewiec, **10:** Dziesiec, **Where is...?:** Gdzie (jest)...?, **Telephone:** Telefon, **Toilet:** Toaleta, **Tea:** Herbata, **Coffee:** Kawa, **Bottled water:** Woda mineralnaw butelce, **Cheers!:** Na zdrowie!

Last updated 1/9/15